

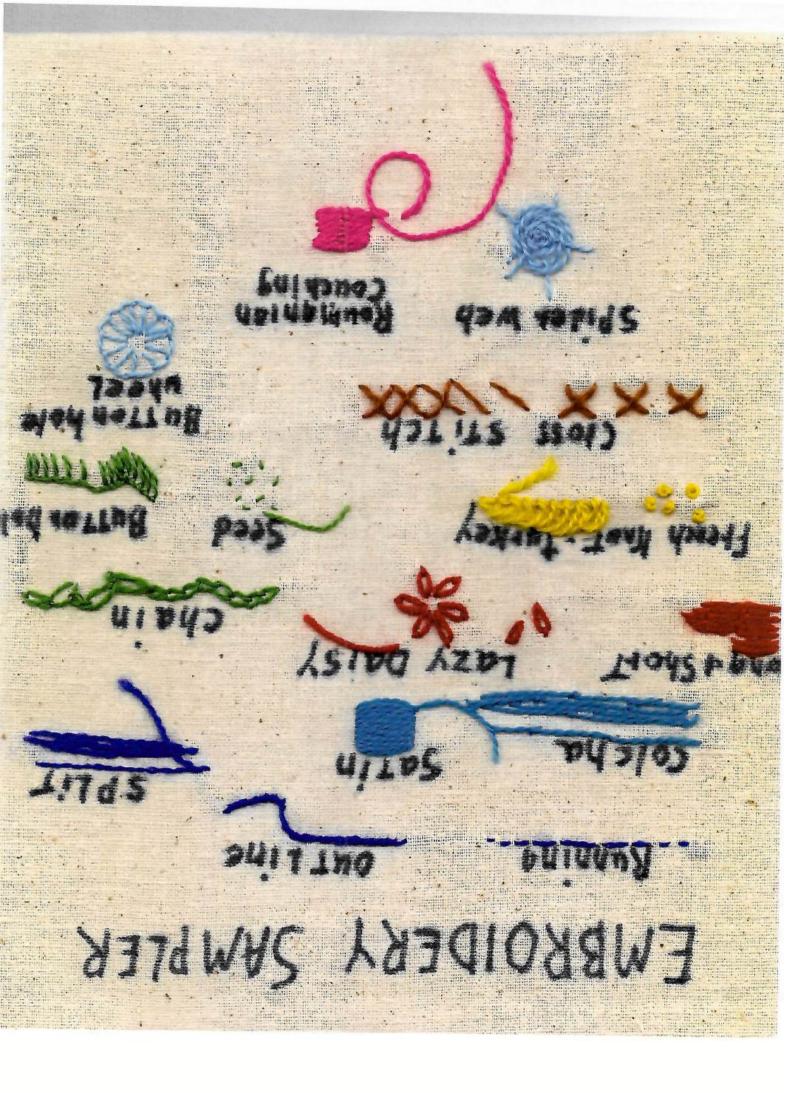
July-2013

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THE ORIGIN AND HISTORY OF THE COLCHA STITCH.

Colcha is a word in Spanish meaning quilt or coverlet. The embroidery stitch was used on the quilts and got its name from that.

Colcha is a couching stitch worked with tapestry or crewel yarn. 2 lengths of thread are used in the needle at the same time. A line of thread is laid across the pattern and anchored at irregular intervals with slanting stitches before the next line is laid. The stitch gives an almost woven effect and can be used for covering large areas as a solid filler or on small motifs.

The first sample of Colcha embroidery was found on a fragment of wool excavated in Northern Mongolia but believed to originate from Iran. It was dated back to the 1st Century B.C. Several Colcha masterpieces from the 11th century Spain still survive in museums and cathedral treasuries.

The Spaniards brought wool, silk and looms to New Spain. (Old Mexico). In 1534, Sancho Garcia de Larraval, master embroiderer came to teach converted Mexican Indians. Most embroidery work was used by church officials, vestments and altar cloths.

In the early 1600's , New Spain colonies were established in the Española Valley, New Mexico. The women brought their love of decoration with them. Living in these remote areas inspired these women to find new ways to enrich their impoverished status. They used wool from small, hardy, plentiful Churro sheep brought originally from Spain by Onate to make yarn. Since it was almost oil free, long and silky, the wool was easy to wash, dye and spin into yarn. The women used either a hand spindle or spinning wheel, if they were fortunate to own one. The dyes were made from plants, roots and barks to color the embroidery yarn. Plain woolen yarn was woven into a loose weave material called Sabanilla. This material was also used as a trade article with Mexico and Spain. One invoice included 19 pieces of coarse cloth made in Santa Cruz and Chimayo. Each piece was 100 varas long and 33 inches wide. A vara is about 33 inches.

The Colcha embroidery was used exclusively during the 1700s. All types of articles were done in this stitch. The quilts were considered high trade goods exceeding most other things. They were classified as "wool on wool" on the trade market. Trade items became more plentiful with the advent of the Spanish Trail, bringing fine weave cotton and muslin.

In the 1800s the introduction of Merino sheep produced wool that was short, oily, rough and hard to wash, spin and dye. Interbreeding Marinos to Churros made inferior wool which would fray and break when used on these new materials, so smaller motifs were used and these items were classified as "wool on Cotton".

In 1878 the railroad came to New Mexico with a flood of goods from the East. Machine-made, cheap trade goods replaced the local weavers and sewers. The Colcha embroidery declined and was only done by a few of the descendants of the original settlers.

HISTORY OF THE ARTE ANTIGUO GROUP.

Regina Cata, born in 1886 in the San Luis Valley, Colorado, married a man from Ohkay Owingeh Pueblo, New Mexico (San Juan) and settled in that Pueblo. In 1934 she started a group called Arte Antiguo, (Old Art). The membership was carefully screened and limited to 12 Hispanic women from nearby areas. They met every month. Regina taught the Colcha embroidery that had been handed down in her family for generations. This group endured for more than 60 years. Regina later moved on to other projects in the Pueblo.

Teofila Ortiz Lujan, born in 1885 in El Guique, N.M. was a permanent member to the Arte Antiguo, She lived with her family in San Pedro, a small settlement across the river from Santa Cruz. She became good friends with Regina who introduced her to Colcha which became a life long passion. Teofila embroidered until she became blind at the age of 87. In that time she produced many embroideries and received many awards and honors for her spectacular work. She died 4months before her 100th birthday.

In 1935, the New Mexico Vocational and Training Program introduced an instruction booklet of Colcha patterns taken from traditional embroideries. There were several efforts in N.M. during the 1930s and later to establish cottage industries and revive old crafts, notably the WPA and others, but none were successful. One exception was the Mormon homesteaders from Carson, a small settlement south of Taos, which developed the only financially successful Colcha sales operation. They used worn, ragged textiles such as old quilts as ground fabric and unraveled yarn from old Indian blankets. They depicted Catholic Saints, Indian and other religious motifs in their work.

In the 1930s, Rebecca James came to N.M. with the artist Georgia O"Keefe. Rebecca became fascinated with the Colcha craft and reproduced many traditional works and created original pictures using the stitch. In a letter to D.H. Lawrence's wife, Rebecca wrote, "In embroidery, the tools are a stiff little piece of shining steel and a thin thread, small tools, but they make an enormous expression if the eye is true, the hands diligent, the mind disciplined, and the spirit aware."

Arte Antiguo expired in 1995 when Teofila died. In 2001 her daughter, Esther, began demonstrating the Colcha embroidery and teaching classes. Her aim is to preserve the Spanish Colonial Art for future generations.

Beatrice Sandoval from Las Vegas, N.M. also teaches Colcha classes in Española, N.M. at the Fiber Arts Center. She also gives individual lessons. Así es la Colcha. That's the way of the Colcha.

The source of this article was found in the fascinating book, "New Mexico Colcha Club". The author is Nancy C. Benson

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ORIGIN OF "LA COSTURA DE SAGUACHE"

In 1975 The Virginia Neal Blue (VNB) Resource Center for Colorado Women, under the direction of it's director, Blanche Cowperthwaite, joined the Sisters of Divine Providence of Center, Colorado, through their Crafts Cooperative, known as "Los Artes del Valle". The purpose was to do a study to determine the feasibility of promoting a program that would produce income for the women of the San Luis Valley. The towns of San Luis, Center and Saguache were selected to participate in a Cottage Industry and revive the Ancient Colcha method of embroidery.

Patsy Garcia, a local resident of Saguache coordinated the program in Saguache by securing the recently rebuilt church which was converted into a Community Center. The Center provided space for the first Head Start Program, an Adult Basic Education Program and various other activities in the Community. Patsy contacted several ladies that were interested in embroidery and a new project was born. Jan Roehr was the director and Pat Martinez the Valley coordinator. Senora Carmen Orrego de Salaz from Chili, then living in Indiana, was hired to teach the Colcha embroidery stitch which had been handed down for generations from Spain, and via Old and New Mexico, to a few surviving stitchers in Colorado. This was to serve two purposes. 1—to revive old crafts and, 2—generate income for the participants. VNB supplied fine Paternayan yarn of many exciting colors and a loose-weave material called Osnaberg, as well as needles.

The Saguache group, La Costura de Saguache, had a membership of 8 local women. Patsy Garcia, Tiva Trujillo, Evelyn Trujillo, Lupe Tafoya, Bina Lovato, Sadie Pacheco, Yvonne Halburian and Delores Worley. They met on Sunday afternoons to embroider, share life stories and enjoy each other's company. Mary Baker joined later. We were encouraged to use our imaginations. We discovered pink in the hills, different shades of blue in the sky, colors all around us. Scenes of childhood memories, old wives tales, dreams, homesteads, pets, and family members all translated into a colcha piece. We used other stitches to accent a scene or give depth to a picture.

Tiva's eerie "La Llorona" and her childhood "San Acacio" were memorable stories told through embroidery. Bina's beloved pet dog, "Little Bit", Mary Baker's "Bee Hives", "The Cuts" by Patsy, "Prestigious Poultry" by Yvonne, "Old Homestead" by Evelyn, "My House" by Sadie and "San Luis Valley Scene" by Delores were some of the fun pictures stitched by the group.

VNB marketed the finished product and some of them were displayed at museums. The stitcher was paid 25c a square inch.

As of Feb. 2013, there are 3 living members of this group. They are Patsy Garcia, Yvonne Halburian and Delores Worley. Through this book memories of all this group live on through their embroideries.

LA COSTURA DE SAGUACHE

The Original Colcha Group----1976 TO 1979



Sadie Pacheco



TIVA TRUTILLO



Mary Baker Patsy Garcia Virginia Lovato



Yvonne Halburian



Lupe Tafaya + Joe



Delores Worley



Evelyn Trujillo

Feasibility Study

The Virginia Neal Blue Resource Centers for Colorado Women has satisfactorily completed a feasibility study on developing a craft business enterprise for rural, low-income United States citizens living in the San Luis Valley under a grant from the Four Corners Regional Commission. This was in August, 1974,

The Virginia Neal Blue Resource Centers for Colorado Women also has successfully completed a project which involved the production of a bi-lingual slide/tape show depicting the various crafts identified in the feasibility study. This also was funded by the Four Corners Regional Commission and was completed in the summer of 1975.

The Virginia Neal Blue Centers raised additional funds, the major portion from a grant made by Community Colleges and Occupational Education to hold two stitchery classes in the San Luis Valley, taught by Carmen Orrego-Salas. These centers supplied all materials for said classes during the summer of 1975.

Considering the above accomplishments the Virginia Neal Blue Resource Centers for Colorado Women have been awarded a new two year grant sponsored as a regional project by all of the states of the Four Corners Commission. This grant is for a pilot training program for traditional crafts revival for low-income citizens of the San Luis Valley, Colorado and other four corner states.

The Virginia Neal Blue Centers have promised the Four Corners Commission that they will be responsible for continuing this project after the funded two year period with whatever time, effort, and monies are indicated. The centers in no way stand to profit in any monetary manner from this project. Quite the opposite, the centers, board, and staff will be contributing a great deal in the way of time, effort, and money toward the program.

Under the terms of this contract with the Four Corners Commission all of the participants who will be involved in the workshops should understand that both they and we (Virginia Neal Blue Centers) are committed to a program which will not in any way be looked upon as a temporary hobby but is a serious effort to establish a worthwhile business enterprise which will suppliment the incomes of families concerned.

THE CETA PROGRAM

In 1979 the Ceta Program took over and increased the time to a weekly 5 day job with a regular salary. Cathy Baxter was the director. The original workers were, Mary Swindle, Margie Gurulé, Nyla Orvis Lambert, Francis Russell, Nettie Quintana. Mary Pacheco. Muggs Batchelder. Brenda Rowe Heckathorn, Janice Rice, Bina Lovato, Marcella Quintana, and Mary Ann Gallegos. Others joined later, Tiva Trujillo, Sadie Pacheco, Mary Baker, Luana Worley Lovato and Chris Pacheco.

The program lasted about a year but some ladies continued stitiching for the love of it.

Some of the stitches used were the Colcha, split, feather, stem, chain, fly, satin,

turkey, buttonhole, cross, french knot, running and daisy .

The group made several trips to visit other sites and places of interest. The Crested Butte Festival, Trapper's convention, Fort Garland Museum, San Luis Catholic Church, (The Most Precious Blood of Christ), and visits to Capulin to see the Weavers under the directorship of well known weaver Eppie Archuleta, and the Colcha group in San Luis were also on the agenda. A great time was had by all taking a break to the Big Springs Camp Ground.

Several of the ladies produced the beautiful wall hanging in the Memorial Room at the Saguache County Library. It is done in blocks. Each one depicts an Historical building in Saguache. After several years of wondering what happened to it, Blanche Copperwaithe was contacted and agreed to donate it back to Saguache. It was agreed that the Library should display it. On September 8, 1993 it was presented to the Library by Blanche. The Library Director, Charlotte McKee, and the Library Board accepted. Many local residents attended the reception. It has found its permanent home at last.

Sources of information for the ladies who worked on the wall hanging and the old buildings are as follows:

Cecil Hall's weekly articles in the Saguache Crescent.

Museum publication-Images of the past

Interviews with stitchers and their families.

Senior Citizen's scrap book.

Saguache County Library

Saguache County Assessor's Office.

Artists of the San Luis Valley, Pink book included in this scrap book.

Smoke Signals-Mountain Valley School Paper-October 14, 1980.

Daughter, Luana Lovate, for her Photo Lab expertise

Many, many thanks to all who helped me find information for this project. I have enjoyed the investigating tremendously. I hope this will be of interest to our community. "ASI ES LA COLCHA."

With love, Delores Worley

Colcha Presentation From VNB To Saguache County Library



Blanche Copperthweite - Charlott McKee Virginia Neal Blue Saguache Library VNB Director



Stitchers-Back row: Mary Baker-Patsy Garcia Nyla Orvis-Cathy Baxter Frontrow: Virginia Lovato-Margie Gurwlé



Lett: Blanche-UNB Mary Morfitta

Right:
Virginia Swinerland.
(Saquache county Museum
Becky Clay *
Elaine Woodard *
Charlotte Mckee
Cecil Hall *



Community Reception in Saguache County Library

* Librahu Basad Mombon

hyla (Orvie) Lambert 8. (meat culter Lovie Leouiz) May Baker Brnee Keminberline Chile Parlor- Virginia Lovato Saguache County Bank. Virginia Lovato. Saguache Ketel Teva Trujels
Saguache Mercantile. Tiva Trujels
Saguache Okamery Osear Marser. - Frances RussellFirst Netword Bank. Trances Russell. Sag Crescent - Cathy Bayter Conoco Cathy Baytor Figet County Court house Tim statehed Margie drewit. Saguede Post office. 1918 - anne Gallego, Sagnache Trun Hall. Margie Durch. Stockmans Club Mess Conner - Miscella Quentino Milhodist Malotte - margi Decrule Malogs. - nette Quintena Flather stitch around tapactry - Frances Russell Community reception For Colcha presentation-Sept. 8, 1993 VNB-Blanche Cowperthwaite Community members Librarian-Charlotte Mckee Mary Mor Fitt Virginia Satherland Emproidery Ladies Barbara Sibley Mary Emma Schmittle Marge Gurule Elaine Woodard Muriel ward Virginia (Bina) LovaTo Marcia Prevest Becky Clay Cathy Baxter Myrtire Childens Mary Pacheco Sadie Pacheco Gloria Goehl Chris Pacheco NyLa Orvis Marilyn Franz Patsy Garcia Sally Hall Louise Hazard Cecil Hall Grace Spangler Mary Baker Carla Mondragon Velores Worley Lottie Gray

Saguache main Street + Copyer Shope

9.

MARY ELIZABETH NICKELSON BAKER Gotthelf—Tarbell Mercantile

4th row--#4



Mary Baker (deceased) was born in Alamosa, Colorado to Mat and Eva Nickelsen of La Jara, Co. She married Don Baker. They had a son, Matthew and a daughter, Lisa.

By Don Baker—Mary was raised in La Jara a block from the train tracks. She grew up hearing the narrow gage engines whistling which she really enjoyed. Her father was a commercial bee-keeper for fifty years. Mary loved bees and became a bee-keeper herself. She graduated from high school in La Jara with honors. She attended Adam State College in Alamosa with a chemistry major, anthropology major and close to a music minor, graduating in 1964. She married Donald G. Baker that same year. In July 1989 she earned a Master Degree in special education, and took an art class.

Mary Beth was an exceptional person. She was kind, loving and intellectually bright. She loved local history and the beauty of the San Luis Valley. She worked at the Sheriffs office 9 years and during free time worked on her Colcha embroidery.

In the spring of 1998 Mary was diagnosed with Leukemia which she bravely fought for 8 months before passing .

by Delores Worley: Mary joined the original Colcha group and later the CETA group. She loved her embroidery. She produced some wonderful pieces, one in particular, her beloved beehives. She was one of the most intelligent persons I have ever met. She was greatly missed by all of us. The picture above is a composite of her when she was younger and her daughter Lisa, who did the original.

Top row--#4

CATHY BAXTER The Saguache Crescent

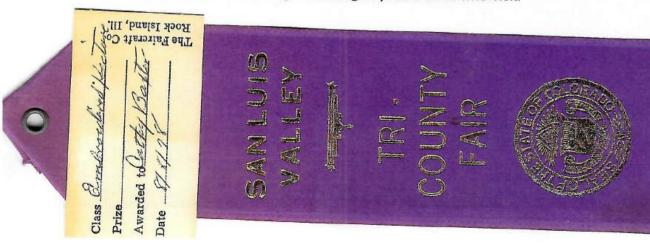


Cathy Baxter was born in Durango, Colorado to Elizabeth Eagan and Frank Gibbs. She has a sister Linda and a brother Terry. Her father worked on the railroad in Antonito, Colo. She married John Baxter.

In 1973 they moved to Saguache, Colorado. They set up a lumber mill west of town in 1975, which is in operation to this day. (2012)

When the local Colcha group was included in the CETA program she was asked by Pat Martinez, the director of the original San Luis Valley Virginia Neal Blue Home Industry program to be the director. The ladies involved worked on embroidery during a regular 8 hour, 5 day a week job. They produced many spectacular pictures using the Colcha stitch plus many others. She says they all learned together. "I appreciate stitchery now," she says.

Cathy loves flowers. Beautiful blooms showcase her lovely log house every summer. She has a wonderful view of the Sangre de Cristo Mountains from her home. The deer make themselves at home under a huge tree in her back yard. The little artificial stream in front brings a feeling of peace to all who visit.



MARGARET (MÜGS) BATCHELDER CETA Colcha Group Photographer





"I was born in Decatur, Illinois. My parents were Luollie and Grant Batchelder I enjoy walking my dog. I have been retired since December, 2007. I mostly hang around the house.

I was into painting, illuminated lettering, painting cute little rocks, calligraphy, pottery and quilting. I don't do them at all these days. I did see a package in a fabric store. They didn't know how to do Colcha.

I liked working in the Colcha group. There were always neat ways to stitch in the Colcha way. I loved working with color and designs to make a really interesting piece. I depended on the group to keep my motivation intact. I was a very slow stitcher, but I tried it a few times and slowly I got the stitches and colors right.' Note by Delores: When Mugs lived in Saguache she did some wonderful paintings. She also worked at the Saguache Crescent Office with Marie and Dean Coombs.

Mugs currently lives in Tucson Arizona where she taught art in the school there until she became disabled.

MARGARET (MUGS) BATCHELDER CETA Colcha Group Photographer

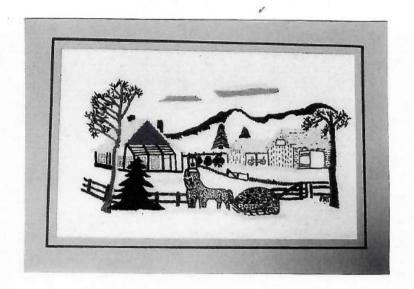


Saguache — 1985

Mugs Batchelder's views on the day's events. Mugs and Dean had just completed the press run when McMillen came to the Crescent to visit. 4th row--#2

PATRICIA (PATSY) GARCIA Old School





Patsy was born April 4, 1933 in Saguache, Colorado. Her mother's was Tomasita Martinez and her father was Victor Garcia. There were 10 brothers and sisters; Tommy, Irene, Wayne, Robert, Agnes, Loretta, Santiago, Richard, Allen and Fred. She married Salvador (Babe) Garcia. They had 3 children. Donny writes music, plays the keyboard and guitar, has a band and sings. Brenda is a full time student. She loves school and takes classes through internet. She also loves animals. Peggy has 3 grown up children. She teaches Pre-school at Mountain Valley Schools.

About her life, she says, "I really liked school. I didn't have money for college. I married in 1955. We lived in Denver about 6 months and then in 1957 we moved to Colorado Springs. Then we went back to Saguache. I went to Spanish Baptist Mission Church run by the Schantzes. I was contact person for Mental Health in Saguache. I was the 1st Head Start Teacher in 1974 under Mental Health. They paid salary but no money for material. We made do with what we could find.

I joined the original Colcha group, "La Costura de Saguache. I loved the getting together. We learned so much, the colcha stitches from Carmen, our teacher. She was delightful. I did my own drawing for my picture "The Old School". I sat across the street to draw it. I went to school there.

You know, there's so many special things about the Spanish people. Our language is special to me, our different ways. It's taken a long time for me to be able to say that because I think for a long time we wanted to be someone else. It would be a lot easier not to be Spanish or poor. But we are who we are and we are special that way

MARY ANN (ANNIE) GALLEGOS The Old Post Office

5th row--# 2



Mary Ann Gallegos, known as "Annie", was born on October 9, 1921, in Saguache, Colorado. Her mother and father were Elvira and Juan Mondragon. She married William (Bill) Gallegos. They have 10 living children: Diane, Elizabeth, Georgia, Mickie, Barry, Eric, Leo, Melody, Johnny and Carmen.

Mary loved to raise chickens and turkeys. She is now a resident at the Del Norte Nursing Home. She says there is still a big white Tom Turkey at her house in Saguache that loves to show off his tail fan in the neighborhood. She had an extensive collection of all kinds of owls. It was a very impressive collection and fun to look at.

Mary says her favorite things to do are sit at the front door and watch the cars go by and play bingo. She says, "I have good friends here."

She joined the CETA Program and learned to do the Colcha embroidery. Her comment, "I liked the Colcha group. We sure did have fun. I did the Old Post Office Building."

Note by Delores: I worked with Mary doing her taxes for many years. She is a very special lady. She did some fabulous Colcha embroideries. I have included pictures of some of them in this scrap book.

Sadly, Mary passed away December 18, 2012

14.

2nd row--#1

MARJORIE EVELYN GURULE Stockman's Liquor/Hotel





Marjorie, best known as Margie, Evelyn Gurule was born March 21, 1920 in Saguache, Colorado to Escolastica Marks. She had a brother Philip Archuleta and a sister, Juanita Garcia.

She married Lawrence Gurule. To this union were born 2 children; Carla Rebecca Quintana and Steven Daniel Martinez. She passed Sept. 21, 1995.

She loved embroidery and enjoyed working in the CETA Group. She was very good at drawing and wrote many articles for the Saguache Crescent. She also wrote a very interesting history of Saguache, included in another section.

Quote: "Since I was 7 years old, my mom set me down at the sewing machine. It I didn't sew it right, she would take it apart and I would have to sew it again. She just stayed with me until I learned. I take pride in my work. You put a lot of yourself in it. In those little stitches you put love and thought. To me it means a lot."

By Carla Quintana, Margie's daughter: My mom was born and raised here in Saguache. She lived in Pueblo for some time but came back to Saguache and lived in the same house where she grew up in. My mom enjoyed reading her Bible, studying it and attending Bible studies. One of her granddaughters remembers drinking hot cocoa and watching the Braves. Base ball was something my mom enjoyed. She loved to cook and bake, having family and friends over to eat. She loved quilts and made various ones. She did enjoy learning all the new techniques of stitching. The group did some traveling, seeing new sights and meeting new people, who also did the stitchery. That is my mom Margie Gurule.

Note by Delores Worley: Margie was an excellent artist and stitcher. Her bird's eye view of Fort Garland, and "Denver at Dusk" are masterpieces. She also did some very fine quilts. She left an impressive legacy.

Top row-#2

VIRGINIA (BINA) LOVATO Old Pioneer Bank



Virginia Lovato, known to all as Bina, was born on February 24, 1922 in Saguache, Colorado. Her mother was Elena Maez and her father was Cirilo Lujan. He was adopted by Ute Chief Ouray. She had 4 brothers, Edineo, Felix, Cipriano, and Pete. She was married to Antonio (Spike) Lovato. They had 10 children: Arnold, Glenn, Steve, Carla Mondragon, Jimmy, Barbara Vigil, Dick, Ronnie, deceased, Gary and Cindy Arredondo, as well as numerous grandchildren and great-grandchildren. She is now deceased.

Her hobbies were sewing, ceramics and cooking which she did a lot of. Her meat empanadas were a family favorite. She loved to shop, spoil the grandchildren and travel. She visited Hawaii, California, Texas and Arizona where she met some Ute relatives.

Bina was one of the original Colcha group stitchers and also worked with the CETA Program. She loved embroidering the Old Bank Building and the Chili Parlor, still remembered by other oldtimers.

Note by Delores. Bina was the life of the party. She had numerous funny stories to tell during our Colcha meetings. She loved her little dog "Little Bit" and made an adorable embroidery of him. She was the kindest person you could ever hope to meet. Some of my fondest memories are the walks we took early each morning down the road and the confidences we shared. She was greatly missed by all of us.

2nd row--#2

NYLA THOMPSON ORVIS Saguache Main Street



Nyla was born August 28, 1951 in Wadena, Minnesota. Her parents were Vera and George Thompson. She had one brother, Dave and two sisters, Nadine and Roberta. The family moved to Colorado Springs in 1957. She graduated from Palmer High School in 1969. They made another move to Casita Park near Crestone in 1974.

She married Randall Orvis in 1976. She has 5 children; T'Nette, Anthony, also known as Tony the Tiger, Tyrone, Randall and Amiee. She has lived in Saguache since her marriage.

She is currently doing Home Health Care. She likes her clients and the job although it can get pretty demanding at times.

Nyla really enjoyed the CETA group. They were a fun group to work with. She says she had no trouble stitching for 8 hours a day. The nice thing was that they could go outside in good weather to work in the fresh air. They also made several trips to see other programs. They visited the weavers in Capulin where they saw how the yarn was dyed and readied for use in their weaving projects.

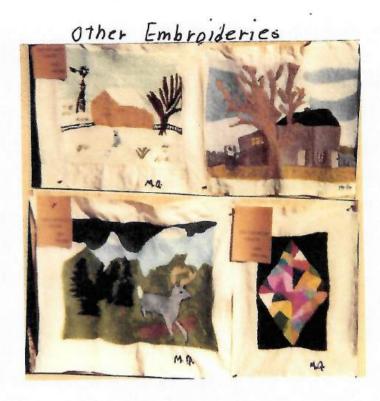
They also went to San Luis and Center to visit the Colcha embroideries there. In San Luis they toured the Colcha facilities and visited the beautiful local Church and Museum.

Nyla took over as director of the Ceta Program when Cathy Baxter left. She said she would have liked the program to last longer.

MARCELLA QUINTANA Community Methodist Church

4th row--#1





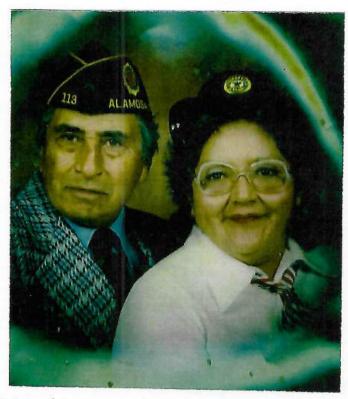
Marcella was born May 10 in Saguache Colorado to Juanita Martinez. Her siblings are: Dave, Barbara, Augustina, Rogas and Danny. She was married to Edward Quintana, deceased. Marcella had 4 children, Charles, Edna, Christina and Marilyn. She is a grandmother.

MARCELLA; Ever since I was 5 years old I would run away and go to the Catholic Church. When I grew up I taught Bible School at the Baptist Church and at Shant's in the Headstart Building. I helped clean the Head Start for classes. I've always been energetic. I would help feed 200 people at the Community Building. I like to do puzzles. I pray and use my bible every day. I like music a lot. "RCA Dog" my mom called me. It's hard to be alone. I like to visit with people, be included. At the embroidery place Cathy Baxter trusted me to take over when she was gone. The ladies were real nice. When I saw a building I wanted to make I would go home and draw it from memory. I liked being there.

Note from Delores Worley. Marcella's home is beautifully decorated with religious icons, statues etc. She also has an extensive collection of American Indian memorabilia. Very impressive. She is shy. Marcella walks a lot with her son as her companion. She has done some wonderful embroideries.

3rd row--#3

NETTIE QUINTANA Malouff's Grocery and Ute Theater



Natividad Quintana, known by all as Nettie, was born on Christmas Day of 12-25-1939 in Saguache, Colorado. Natividad means nativity in Spanish. Her mother was Ruby Woodson. She was raised by her grandmother Olympia Woodson. She had a brother Mike. She married Severo Quintana. They had seven children; Joe Severo, James Joseph, Sue Ann, Theresa Ruth, Victoria, Gladys and Ambrose. James and Sue Ann are deceased. Nettie died in a tragic accident in Del Norte, Colo. Many grandchildren are living in different parts of the country.

Note by Delores. Nettie was part of the CETA Colcha group. She did beautiful delicate embroidery, some in one strand of embroidery thread. While she worked in the CETA program she did an exceptional piece done entirely in French Knots. I don't think I have ever seen a nicer French Knot. She also did some other very nice scenic pictures using other stitches.

Her son, Joe, said she made the best tortillas he had ever eaten.

Nettie had a big heart.





FRANCIS RUSSELL.
w--#1 Ramie's Drugs

3rd row--#1



Eforsina Russell, better known as Francis, was born December 23, 1939 in Monte Vista, Colorado. Her mother was Josephine Trujillo and her father was Merejildo O'Cana. She had 11 brothers and sisters, 4 of which are still living. Francis died Feb. 14, 1995.

She married James Russell and had 3 children, Randy, Jeanette and Debbie. She also had 3 older children, Joe, Andy and David Benavidez.

Her daughter Jeanette said her mother loved to read, crochet and work in the garden. She loved to play cards. Her children and their friends would gather at her home for card games that lasted late into the night. A favorite game was Spades.

Francis was a member of the Ceta Colcha Embroidery group. She was quite shy, never had much to say, but turned out some beautiful embroidery pieces.

20.

Top row #1

NATIVIDAD (TIVE) SEGURA TRUJILLO Saguache Hotel



By June Trujillo Lovato (daughter).

Our mom (Tive) as most people knew her was born in San Luis, Colorado on June 6, 1917 to Juanita Trujillo and Celestino Segura. She had 6 brothers and 3 sisters. She was 12 years old when her mother died and she took on the role of mother to her siblings and for the rest of her life she became the core of the Segura family. She married Pablo Jose Trujillo and had 3 daughters, Pauline, June and Hope.

Mom did not have much education. I believe she self taught herself to read and became an avid reader. She especially loved reading her Bible and loved God and going to Church.

She always had a creative mind and I believe that is what made her so successful as an embroiderer. She was very proud of her heritage as her artwork depicts. Her artwork is her autobiography which no one else can duplicate. These were her memories and her thoughts.

Mom's first creation was a life size nativity scene made out of paper mache and wire forms, which she displayed at Christmas in 1960-61. She was awarded a special prize of \$10.00 by the Kiwanis Club. It took her 10 months to complete her project.

On Feb. 23, 1980 a standing room only crowd attended a premier showing of "Hispanic Women Folk Artists of the San Luis Valley" in Alamosa. The slide/tape show featured 2 folk artists from the Valley, one which was our mom. The show protrayed the lives and works of the Hispanic women folk artists in the Valley.

Mom died unexpectedly on Sept. 19, 1980 with some of her artwork undone, but left us with memories galore that have always been cherished. I know that if she had lived longer she would have accomplished greater things especially in the folk art world, for that was her destiny.

SAGUACHE HISTORY written by Margaret (Margie) Gurule

The Town of Saguache was organized in 1867 by Otto Mears, first banker, home and railroad builder, and David Heimberger-first president of the Town Company, and Issac Goffhelf-Justice of Peace. He and Mears formed the first mercantile partnership, and he was the proprietor of that business. Saguache was the name given the area by the Ute Indians and means "Blue Waters".

The first grade school was built in 1874 and had a tower and bell." The second grade school was a two story brick with ten classrooms and several offices. In the mid sixties there were 250 students in the grade school. Saguachealso had a high school, hospital and two banks. The County Bank still much in its original state is one of the town's most handsome buildings. The County Court House was erected in 1881. In 1910 it burned to the ground and was replaced by the present one. Also built in the '80's was the Dunn Block known as the "Old Post Office".

1875 was a promising year except for Alferd Packer's alleged cannibalism yet the townspeople retained their integrity and pioneering spirit and a closely knit community began to grow. Irrigation came from famous Saguache Creek which still supplies water to the town. Along the town's ditch banks are the large cottonwood trees that are so much a part of the town.

Most of Saguache's buildings were made of brick from Saguache's own foundry. In 1910, Saguache Hotel's cornerstone was laid. The Museum, a widely known attraction, is one of the old county jails. Saguache's current main street came to life in 1914. One of its most colorful buildings is the Saguache Crescent office. It was indeed a unique little town full of charm.

You'll reach Saguache on North 285 nestled west of the beautiful Sangre de Cristo Range in the beautiful San Luis Valley. It is noted for its fishing, hunting, good water, unpolluted air and beautiful scenery. It has been referred to as the "Sleeping Giant"—and holds nostalgic charisma for its native sons and daughters calling them back.

SAGUACHE HOTEL Colcha embroidery block

top row-#1 Tiva Trujillo





Bad Temptation by a Spider



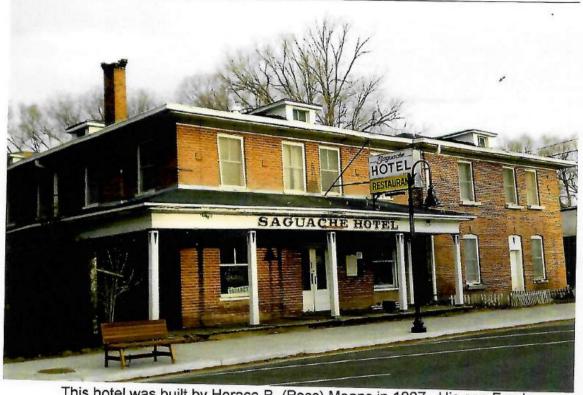
Sheep Shearing time Tive's Older Brother

SAGUACHE HOTEL

top row--#1

Current photo

Tiva Trujillo



This hotel was built by Horace B. (Boss) Means in 1887. His son Frank inherited it, who then sold it to his Uncle Roll Means. Roll Means came upon hard times during the depression and turned it back to Frank together with a debt of \$3,000 in back taxes and bills. Frank decided to board it up but after much disagreement his wife Florence talked him into letting her try to raise the money to pay the debt and take ownership. Frank finally agreed to sell it to her for \$1.00 but refused to have anything to do with it except help with legal matters. Florence did manage to borrow money from the bank on her own signature in 1935. She paid the bills, make repairs, and turned it into a thriving business in 2 years. The rooms were almost always filled and several teachers and a doctor and dentist had permanent residency. She sold the hotel to Zoe Hazard and made a profit of \$10,000, \$5,000 in cash and 3 rental buildings on Main Street.

It has since had several owners. It served as Public Service Building, liquor store and garage. A segment of a T.V. movie was made at the hotel in 1987. "The Land of Little Rain", the story of Mary Austin's life, starred the actress Helen Hunt. Several local people were used as extras for part of the movie.

Later the Broomfields ran the Hotel and dining room. Jaxene Collier took overrunning the Hotel. Her cook, Joann Alexander, made delicious pies every morning.

The last owners to run the business were Shirley and Bob Neighbors. It has been vacant since 1989. The current owners have just put it on the market.

Colcha embroidery block

OLD PIONEER BANK (Saguache County Bank)

top row-#2 Virginia Lovato



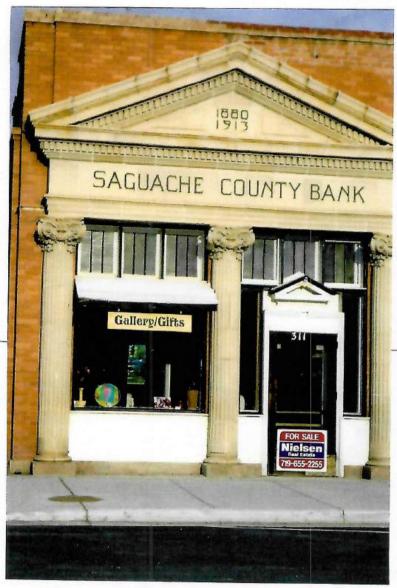




OLD PIONEER BANK

Current photo

top row-#2
Virginia Lovato



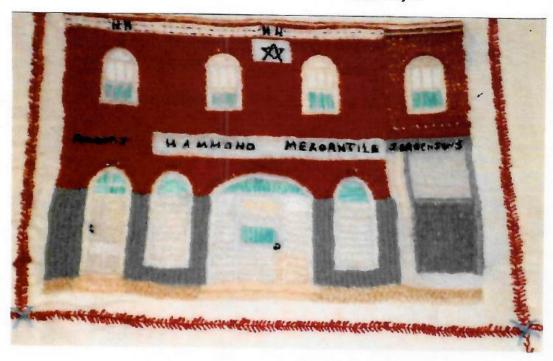
The Pioneer Bank (Saguache County Bank), situated at 311 Main Street, started in back of the Gotthelf and Mayer General Store in 1880. It was incorporated in 1882. In 1913 it was remodeled and purchased by Isaac Gotthelf. It is a beautiful stately building with columns in front and the dates 1880 to 1913 over the door. After a lot of competition, it merged with the new 1st National Bank.

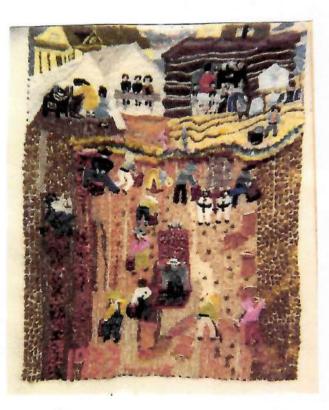
G. Herbert Hazard bought it in 1928. It was then a liquor store. Florence Means bought it in 1939 and sold it to N. C. Nielson in 1946 who operated a locker plant until 1956. Leona Curtis bought it in 1957 and sold it to Elmer and Beth Keck in 1960. They also used it as a cold storage locker plant. They remodeled in 1974 and ran a bar and a restaurant. It later served as residence and office for lawyer Laura Riley. Chuck Lilly bought it as a residence and lived there. After his death his son Joe and daughter-in-law Cindy remodeled it to an art gallery. It is currently on the market. 2012.

Update July 2013---The Saguache County Bank Building was purchased by the Aventa Credit Union and remodeled. It is now open for business.

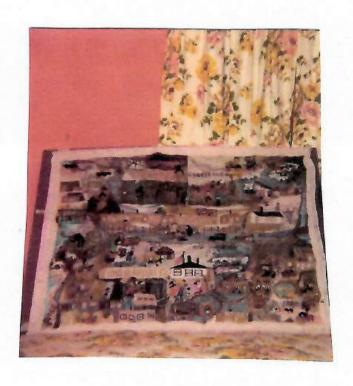
HAMMOND MERCANTILE Colcha embroidery block

top row--#3 Tiva Trujillo





Potato Harvest Tive's family

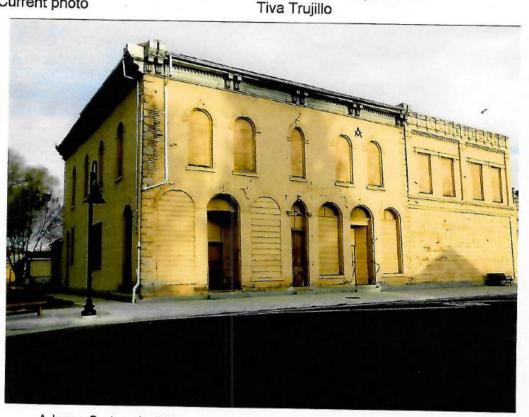


GLD Sen Acacio Childhood Home

HAMMOND MERCANTILE

top row--#3

Current photo



A large 2-story building was built by Mr. Dunn and known as the Dunn Building. Downstairs was the Denver Beer and Billiard Hall. Tom Ashley and Horace Means bought it in 1910, later adding a building. They established the Means and Ashley Mercantile Company. It included a grocery and dry goods department which was managed by Luis P. Hammond. It closed in 1922. Louis Hammond and son Walter bought the building and opened Hammond Mercantile on November 11, 1925. They were in business until April 22, 1960.

The first door to the south was the Shallaburger Hardware.

The second north door served as dry goods and shoe department. An elevator rose to the top floor which specialized in furniture, carpets, stoves, etc.

A Post Office occupied the south part.

Next door, the Hammond Mercantile, run by Walter, ran a delivery service for groceries twice a week and ice in the summer. The ice house was in the alley of 500 block of San Juan Ave.

The north part was the Stockman's Liquor. This part is currently boarded up.

THE SAGUACHE CRESCENT Top row--#4
Colcha embroidery block Cathy Baxter







Current photo

THE SAGUACHE CRESCENT Top row-#4
Cathy Baxter



This building was one of the first built when Saguache was founded. From 1874 it has served as a livery stable, barber shop, taxidermy and had the first telephone office and switchboard before being a printing press.

On January 12, 1882 the first newspaper was founded by Capt. Robert H. Jones, editor, publisher and ½ owner of the Colorado Herald, and called the "Saguache Advance." On Oct. 8, 1885 the name was changed to the "Saguache Democrat." On Jan. 7,1886 Henry Mingay bought the newspaper and on Aug. 1,1889 changed the name to "The Saguache Crescent." It changed hands many times. In Aug. 1917 Charles and Mary Ogden bought it. He was the editor publisher until his death in 1935. Mary and daughter Marie took over. Marie's marriage to Ivan Coombs brought in another typesetter. Over the years the Crescent has won many special awards. Marie worked there until her death. She was in her 80s. Marie was featured in numerous magazine and news articles and received many awards for her work in the newspaper business.

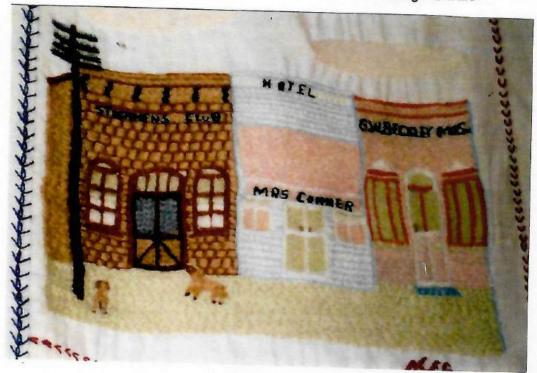
Her son Dean still maintains and runs the old Linotype machines as of 2012. It is one of the very few in the whole country. Our newspaper arrives as regular as clock work.

26-A.

Colcha embroidery block

STOCKMANS LIQUOR

2nd row--#1 Marge Gurule







STOCKMANS LIQUOR

2nd row--#1 Marge Gurule

Current photo



The first three buildings, across the alley from the Saguache Hotel were part of the "Dallas Block". The first building was the Stockman's Club and Saloon. It was later used as an ice cream parlor known as "Nix Place". It also served as Werner's Plumbing Shop. Etta Michaud ran the first laundromat in the front part and lived in the rear apartment. Next, Rod Hines had a cabinet shop in the front. Loretta Orvis lived in back. The building was bought by Susan Crutchfield, granddaughter of Daisy Noland Lockett. She remodeled the front part and made it into a book store. It was named "Daisy's Bookstore" in honor of her grand mother. It is now owned by Esther Last who runs the 4th Street Diner.

In 1909 the second building had a sign "Sherman House" on the store front. Robb ran a bakery there during the depression. He sold it to the Hartwick family. Later Lamar and Lena Howard turned it into a residence. They made the third building north into a hardware store. Rick Berandes is the current owner and has an antique store in both places.

Colcha embroidery block

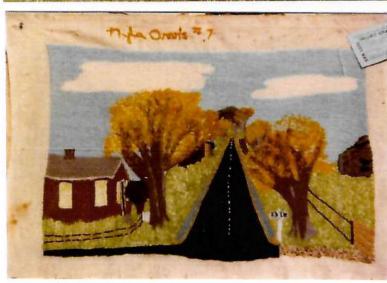
SAGUACHE MAIN STREET

2nd row--#2 Nyla Orvis











28-A.

Colcha embroidery block



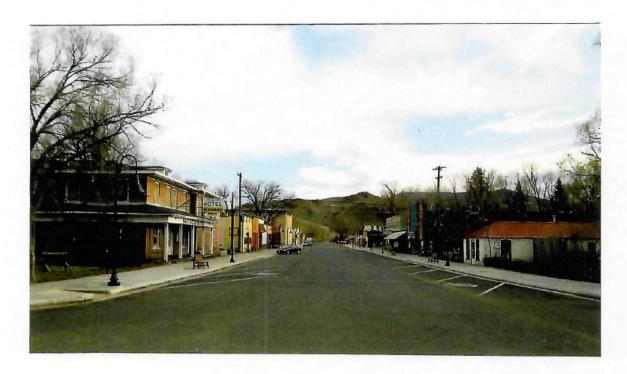
2nd row--#3 Virginia Lovato







2nd row--#2 Nyla Orvis



Saguache was originally the meeting place of the Ute Indian Tribe. In 1865 the first treaty with the Utes was made and a settlement started in Milton 3 miles east of present day Saguache. Milton was later moved to Saguache due to the boggy land. It is said that Chief Uray suggested the name which supposedly meant "Land by the Blue Waters". It became part of Saguache County in 1867. It originally contained 110 acres near the Saguache River, in the north central part of the San Luis Valley. It is surrounded by the Sangre de Cristo Mountains on the east and the San Juan Mountains to the west. It is known for its pure air, good water and fertile soil.

Saguache was incorporated Feb. 20, 1874 by the Saguache Town Company. In September it was legally acknowledged and the town was laid out and platted with streets 90 feet wide and lots 50 feet by 150 feet.

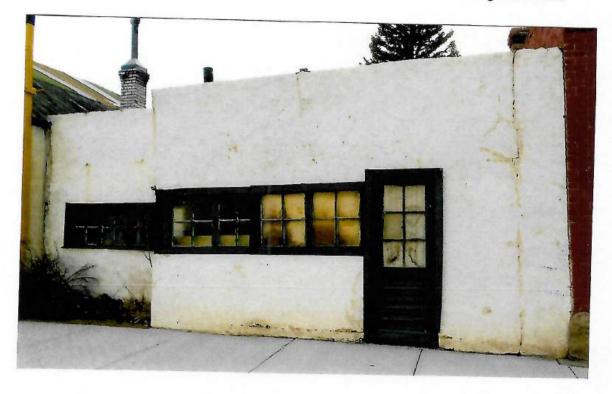
In 1891 the population of Saguache County was 5,000. The records show 4 churches, public schools to 11th grade. Principal businesses were abstract company, 2 bakers, 1 bank, barber shop, billiard hall, 2 blacksmiths, book and stationery store, pharmacy, boots and shoes, (maker and repair), 3 carpenters, druggist, dry goods, 3 groceries, 2 hardwares, a harness maker, hotel, jeweler, 2 lawyers, 3 liverymen, a meat market, milliner, 2 newspapers, 2 physicians, real estate, insurance and a taxidermist. Saguache's population was 600. It was a thriving town catering to ranchers, freighters and the like.

The population has declined over the years but there is still a lot of activity. It is a charming small town. There has been extensive downtown renovation in 2011 and 2012.

CHILI PARLOR

Current photo

2nd row--#3 Virginia Lovato



This is a small white building located between the red brick Coffee Shop and the Saguache Crescent on East Main Street. It is now vacant and used for storage by the Crescent.

George Sherman owned it and ran a cafe there in the early years. Later Bill Kimberlin served hamburgers and chili. It was called "Willy"s Chilli Parlor".

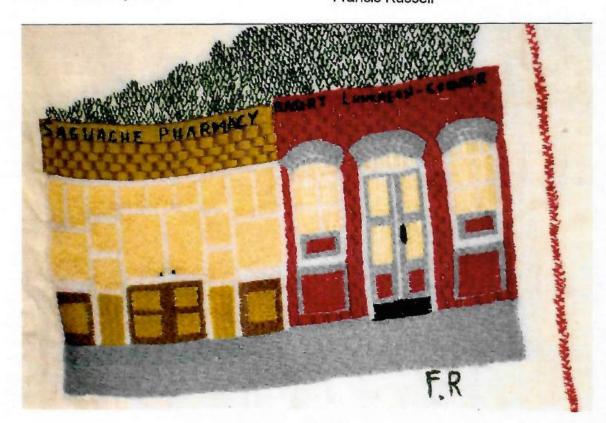
Pearl Nehls opened a short order cafe before 1943.

It was known as 'Just a hole in the wall, not very big, but real good food'.

29-A.

Colcha embroidery block

RAMIE'S DRUGS 3rd row--#1 Francis Russell



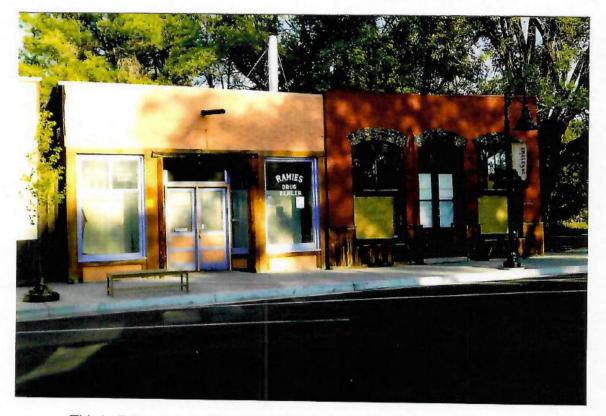




RAMIE'S DRUGS

3rd row--#1 Francis Russell

Current photo



This building was built in 1914. Oscar Marold owned a pharmacy in this building. Oscar was crippled but was ably assisted by Ramoncita Borrego, fondly known as Ramie. She worked for him for years. Ramie was related to J.D. Espinoza who was well known in the area as he ran a large sheep operation and company store in Carnero in the 1800s. J.D.'s daughter Elvira, who was Ramie's aunt, kept her father's books for years. Ramie married Al Zigler.

Oscar Marold willed the store to her when he died. Ramie was not a pharmicist so ran it as an over-the-counter drug store. She also sold paper goods, cards, etc.

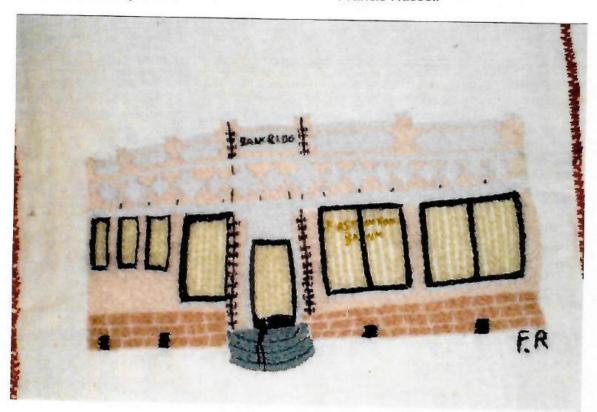
The building on the north side was later made into a bar called, "Packer's Place. It was sold to John Callaghan a WWII Veteran who ran the bar and lived in the rear apartment until his death April 2012.

Although it is currently no longer a business, the "Ramie's Drugs" sign in the window is still a well known landmark.

30-A.

Colcha embroidery block

THE NEW BANK 3rd row--#2 Francis Russell







Current photo

THE NEW BANK 3rd row--#2 Francis Russell

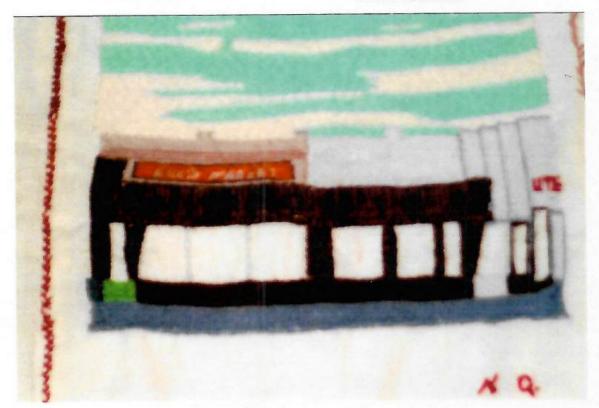


There was strong competition between Horace B. Means and Gotthelf, both in the mercantile business. They ended up having two banks.

The new bank started in 1911 by Horace B. Means, Dallas Stubbs and Adam Shallabarger. Eventually in 1927 the old bank and the new bank merged as the 1st National Bank with Gordon Gotthelf as president. It later became the Vectra Bank and is currently known as the First Southwest Bank. It is located on the southeast corner of Main street and San Juan. It is a very handsome building and is currently, May 2012, being remodeled to become handicapped friendly with a ramp being built on the north side.

31-A.

MALOUFF'S GROCERY AND UTE THEATER 3rd row--#3
Colcha embroidery block Nettie Quintana







MALOUFF'S GROCERY AND UTE THEATER 3rd row--#3 Current photo Nettie Quintana



Malouff's Grocery.

The main street grocery store was built by Dr. O.P. Shippey, a well known family doctor. It was later owned by Les Noland and became a pool hall. Hockaday, Juan Chavez and Mary Russell ran a grocery store. Later Malouff and family ran it as a grocery and dry goods store.

Hartley ran it as a grocery store. Later Max and Sue Renaud used it as an art studio. It has served as a Girl Scout Center, teen game room. Second-hand store run by Jennie Lujan, antique store by Peggy Asher and a video store run by Steve Wilson. It has recently been bought, Apr. 2012, and currently houses a yoga center and used book store.

Ute Theater.

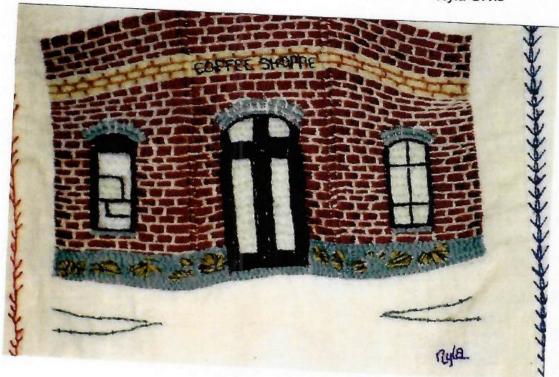
In the very early days Mark Gould ran a livery stable at this location. Ray Ellis and Mr. Russell had a garage business and black smith there. In the 1930s the building was remodeled by Ross Labart to become the Ute Theater. He sold it to Louis Groy and then Mr. and Mrs. Earl McDaniel showed movies there for many years. It was sold to Susan Crutchfield who remodeled it. The current owner, Christy Guydeson upgraded it and not only shows movies but sponsors many theater productions and musical events. She has just opened up a little adjoining room and converted it into a Pizza bar to the delight of her customers.

Update July 2013—Malouff's old grocery store has gone through extensive renovation and is now a Visitor Center. It houses a Gallery/ Gift Shop and thrift store. It also sponsors exercise and dance classes and offers a fresh, organic food selection as well as WiFi service.

Colcha embroidered block



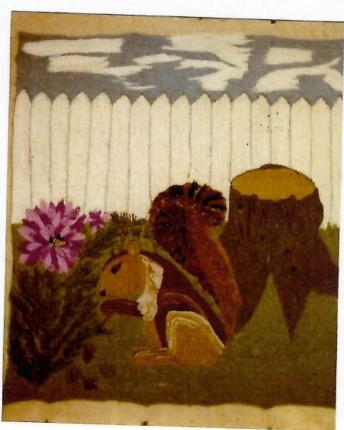
3rd row--#4 Nyla Orvis



Joint effort by Nyla and Muggs







Current photo

3rd row--#4 Nyla Orvis



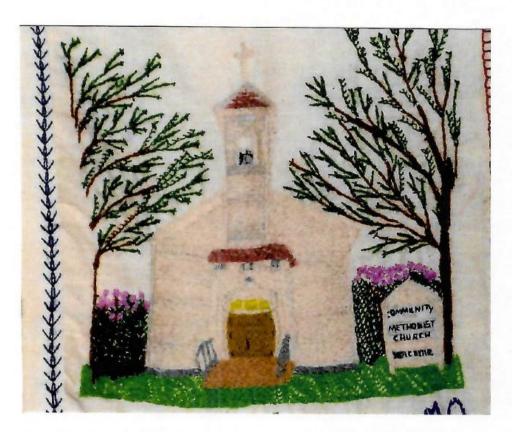
In 1880 the Freemont County Bank bought a lot from A. W. Settle for \$300 and built an 18 by 32 foot red brick building. In the early days A. A. Lampe was U. S. Postmaster there. Over the years it has served as a saloon, barber shop run by Glint Wilder, and a second-hand store.

It served as the home of Reverend Spaugh (Pilgrim Faith Mission). After W. W. II Bill Vahrenkampe operated a coffee shop in the building. At one time Nancy Ward leased the building. It was said that she made the best beans with ham and chili in the County.

It is currently owned by Dean Coombs and is vacant

Update July 2013---The Old Coffee Shop has a brand new look. The inside has been turned into a lovely gallery featuring Judith Page's art work and Dean Coomb's collection of African beads, baskets, etc.

COMMUNITY METHODIST CHURCH 4th row #1 Marcella Quintana



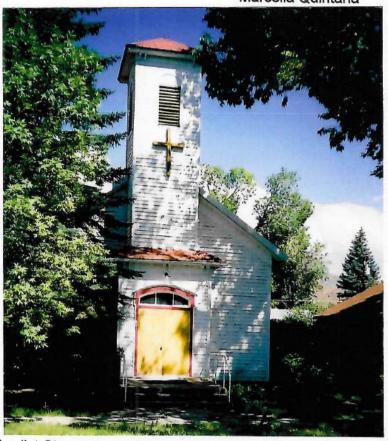


Indian Chief



Bronco

COMMUNITY METHODIST CHURCH 4th row #1 Marcella Quintana



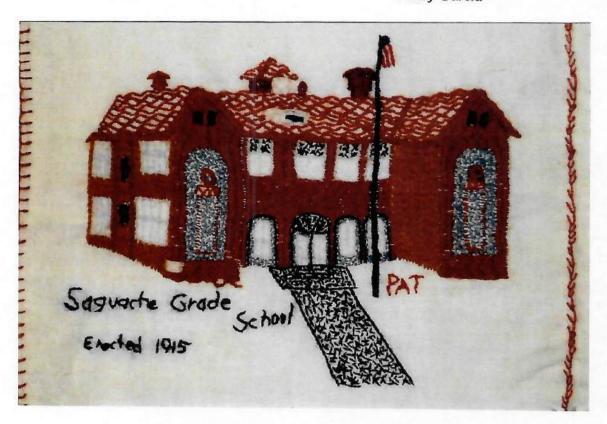
The Methodist Church was originally constructed in the little town of Milton, east of Saguache in 1873. The church elders preached in it on their circuit through Saguache County to Del Norte, Colorado.

In 1884 the church board bought a lot on SanJuan Ave. in Saguache where the church now stands. The moving of the building and some remodeling costs in the amount of \$860 were owed to Robert Phillips. Due to the small membership it took a long time to pay it all off. A parsonage was built on the north side and now serves as a fellowship hall. The church has had continuous ministries since 1867 except for 1 and ½ years during WWII, an admirable record.

It is currently used for various community functions such as the Woman's Study Club, Red Hat Lady Society, Saguache Chorus and many others. A great asset to Saguache.

Colcha embroidery block

THE OLD SCHOOL 4th row--#2
Patsy Garcia







Current photo

THE OLD SCHOOL 4th row--#2 Patsy Garcia



The handsome 2 story grade school was built in 1915 of red brick with a red tile roof. It was vacated in 1967 after 52 years of service. Many of the older citizens remember their school days and the teachers who taught the 3 Rs.

In 1972, Dodson and Meg Benedec, bought the building on 12 town lots, sight unseen, for \$8,000. Their intention was to start an artist complex which they were not able to bring to fruition. He sold it to his sister who sold it to Tom Blunt, Muriel Ward and Mayor Floyd Smith in 1976. In 1979 the County Commissioners bought the building and lots for \$13,500. The lower floor was designated Senior Citizens use and the upper floor for County offices. They took bids for renovation in 1980 and had a Grand Opening on June 27, 1981.

The Senior Citizens used it extensively for all kinds of get-to-gathers, exercise, games, etc. They served meals daily. Rosie Maez was the director of the Senior meals from 1979 until her death in Sept. of 1990. Christina Cale took over in 1991 as director and her volunteer kitchen assistant, Jane Trujillo and Alice Wardlow, who delivers meals to shut-ins, have helped out for years. The Senior population and participation has fallen a great deal over the years. Besides meals, a weekly Scrabble game brings several competitors to the Center and it serves as a meeting place for other occasions.

At one time the upstairs held storage facilities for the Museum. It is now office space for Saguache County Social Service Offices. There are currently low income apartments on the south 6 lots.

Colcha embroidery block

SAGUACHE COUNTY MUSEUM

4TH row--#3 Marge Gurule







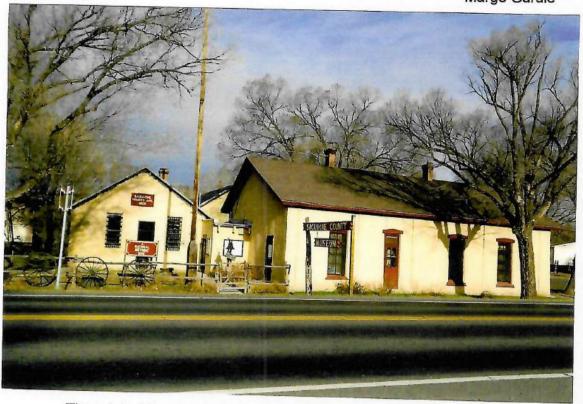
by granddaughter (athy

Another memory was her cooking and baking, I like to say I am a great cook, but a natural baker, I am not. Grandma could put together; add a little bit of that, a little shake of this, stir, bake and Voila! We would enjoy a cake, a pie, cinnamon rolls, homemade pizzas, fresh loaves bread or rolls! What a talent, it is one of the things I regret the most, I never learned how to make things from scratch, I thank the people responsible for packing those little boxes where all you have to do is "add eggs, oil and water".

SAGUACHE COUNTY MUSEUM

4TH row--#3 Marge Gurule

Current photo

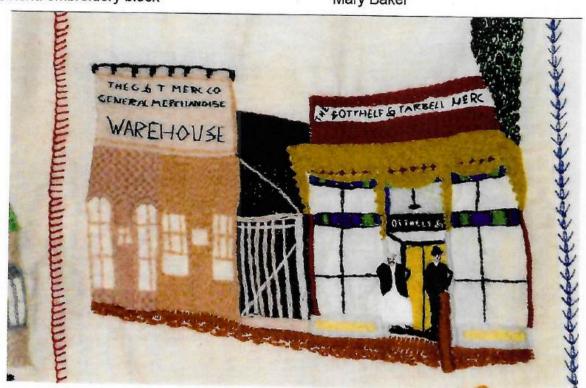


The original house was built around 1870. In 1872 it was an original school room, courtroom and community building. Nathan Russell donated the building and property to the Town of Saguache in 1874, In 1908 the jail was built beside the house and the sheriff or under-sheriff lived in the house and looked over the jail.

The Saguache Woman's Club was assigned the task of putting together a small museum to celebrate 100 years. (The 1859 Rush to the Rockies Gold Fever). Colorado became known as the 'Centennial State'. The club was given the house and property to use for their project. It took a tremendous amount of work and dedication by the whole community to get it in shape to house a museum display. A comittee headed by Evelyn Youngblood Curtis and Helen Gotthelf began soliciting and assembling artifacts and collections from the area. They were ready to open June 20, 1959, a huge accomplishment. A memorial room was added in 1972. Virginia Sutherland has headed the Museum Board from it's beginning. Most staffers are volunteers. It is a non-profit corporation, depending on donations and grants.

It is visited every year from opening Memorial Day Celebration to Labor Day closing by people from all over the world. It has a reputation far and wide as one of the "Best Little Museums in the Country".

GOTTHELF—TARBELL MERCANTILE 4th row--#4
Colcha embroidery block Mary Baker



21A - Acoma Church MARY



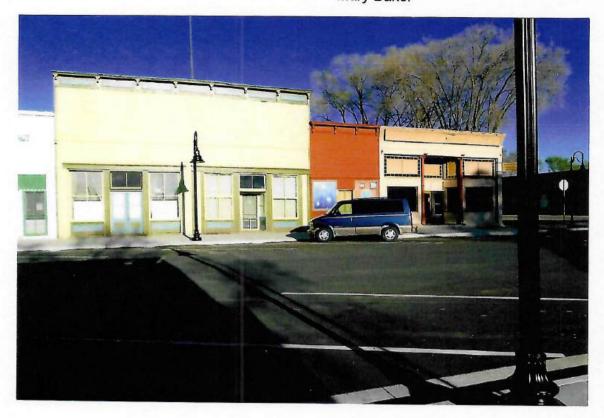


Bee Hives



Current Photo

GOTTHELF—TARBELL MERCANTILE 4th row--#4 Mary Baker



This building was one of Saguache's earliest and largest store building. It had 2 store fronts. It was first founded in 1867 by Isaac Gotthelf, a Saguache pioneer from Germany. His partner was Leopold Mayer. The building was incorporated in September of 1889. The store carried a large general merchandise line. The mercantile got the 1st telephone line, #A, in 1902.

It was later sold to F. Ridgeway who owned it for 30 years. George Hazard later owned and operated Hazard Electrical and Plumbing. Then Rebie and Wade Collins ran the Saguache Ranch and Supply where they sold ranch feed and tack. The other part of the store was called the Cochetopa Gallery where Wade displayed and sold his exceptional art work and bronze castings. The building later became a medical clinic staffed by a succession of doctors and dentists. The front part facing the main street had a pharmacy for a while.

Currently the north building is used by David Arnette and his associate doctors from Salida Co. who alternate servicing the clinic during the week. Mike Cassidy has a residence in the south building.

SAGUACHE TOWN Hall Colcha embroidery block

5th row--#1 Marge Gurule







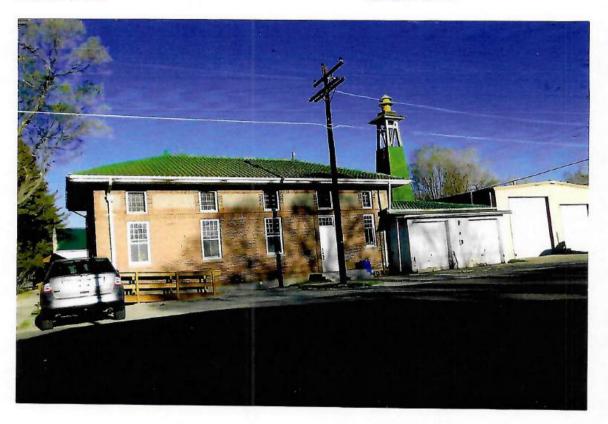
by Tina Serna- granddaughter

One of my fondest memories of my Grandma, Margie Gurule, is doing her hair! La Bella Hair Gel was the gel of choice! She would wash her hair and then we would wait, and wait and wait (of course, this was before Grandma discovered the "hair dryer) for her hair to dry. I would then set up the table with her curlers, a comb and "the gel" and proceed to section off her hair and put curlers in each piece, now keep in mind I was NOT a hairdresser, but I must say I must have done a good job because that would be "my job" every time she needed her hair done.

SAGUACHE TOWN HALL

5th row --#1 Marge Gurule

Current photo



The present Town Hall was built on the same site as the Old Town Hall which was torn down. Work on the new building began in January, 1915 with walls of red brick 12 inches thick at an extra cost of \$295.00. The town board allotted \$4,000 to be used to build the structure which would also house the jail and a vault. The town board let School District #6 use the building until the new school was completed. H. W. Jedbroke was the architect. Those elected to serve on the town board were Mayor Thomas Noland, clerk W.L. Hammond and trustees, E.G. Gotthelf, D.Vigil, E.R. Cochrane, J.P. Campbell, J.A. Chavez and A. Brewer.

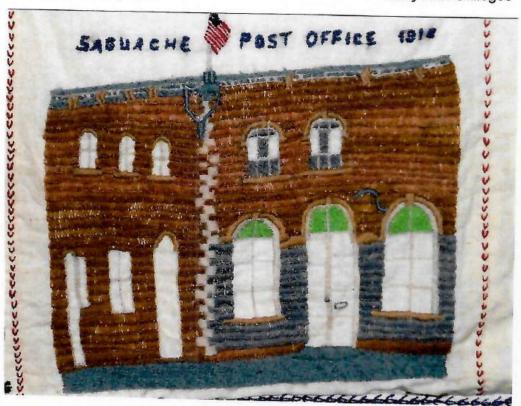
In early 1916 an addition of 24X25 feet was built on the north end to house the new fire engine. In May 1917 a new fire siren was installed in the tower which is still in use today. (2012) It alerts the volunteer fire dept. to a fire or accident situation and lets the general public know it is time for lunch at 12 noon.

The Town Hall was first lighted by acetylene gas lamps until the conversion to electric lights in Jan. 1917.

The popular Mayor Floyd Smith held office over 30 years. The current Mayor is Milton Jones.

THE OLD POST OFFICE 5th row--#2
Colcha embroidery block

Mary Ann Gallegos





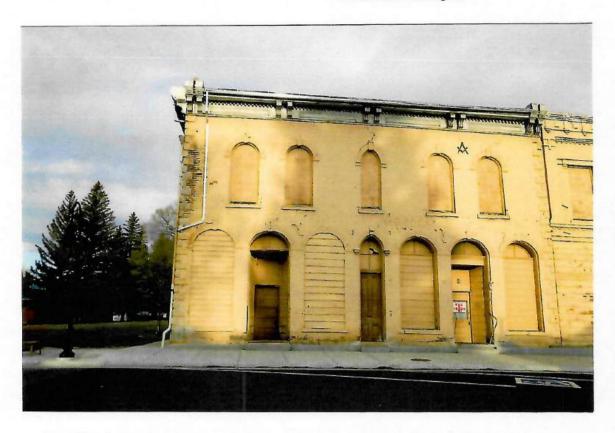
OWL



Curtis Ranch

Current Photo

THE OLD POST OFFICE 5TH row--#2 Mary Ann Gallegos



The Old Post Office was situated in the south part of the Dunn Building. This is the large 2-story building on West Main Street and San Juan Avenue.

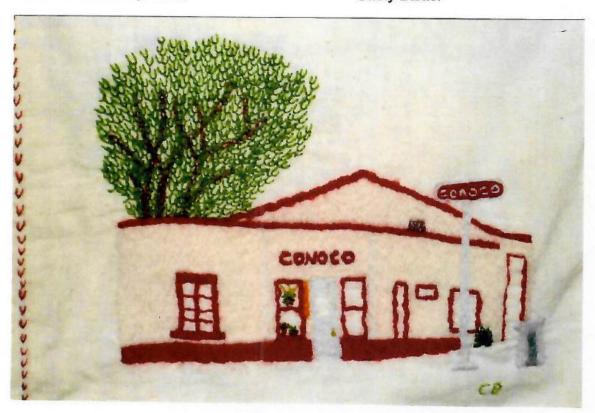
Captain Robert H. Jones was the postmaster there from 1886 to 1891. There were several Postmasters over the years. Later notables included John Lawrence, Daniel Vigil, Fred Curtis, Mrs. Carl (Lulu) Marold, Mr Nick Fuson and Mrs. Esta Fuson.

Dan Howard built the present Post Office in the 1950's.

The Old Post Office part of the building is now boarded up. The Masonic and Eastern Star Lodges are the only users of the building. The Masonic emblem on the front and the lettering, I.O.O.F. are the last reminders of a grand old building

THE CONOCO STATION Colcha embroidery block

5TH ROW--#3 Cathy Baxter







5TH ROW--#3 Cathy Baxter



This building was built in 1908 on the corner of North Main Street and Highway 285,

Abstract records show a succession of owners.

1916 property owned by Solomans

1936-W,E. Cummings (Elsie) to Ainsworth, C.F.

Cecil and Lucille Ainsworth lived in the south residential part and Cecil ran the Conoco Filling Station on the north corner for many years. Cecil was a good artist and sold his paintings there. He and Lucille loved to fish.

In 1991 the property is shown as transferring from Cecil F. and Lucille Ainsworth to Cecil, Lucille, Roy, Glen C. Ainsworth and Juanita Jean Burch and Judy Olsen, all family members.

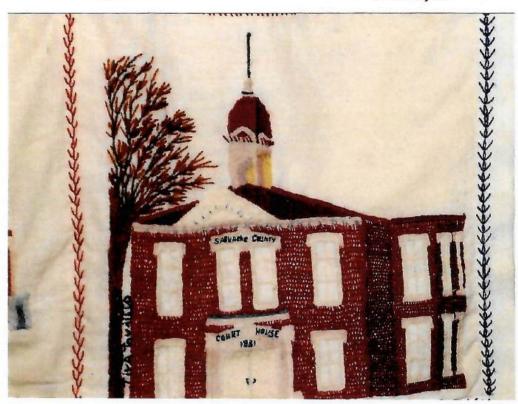
1998 shows a transfer of the property from the Ainsworths, Burch and Olsen to Elvie and Annette Conley.

The Conley's have used it as a home rental and office building.

Colcha embroidery block

OLD COURT HOUSE

5TH row--#4 Tiva Trujillo





Tiva Trujillo and Mary Anne Gallegos

A QUOTE BY MOM: IF YOU DRAW A PICTURE OF YOUR OWN.THE PAST AND THAT'S WHAT I'VE BEEN DOING, EVERY PICTURE THAT I HAVE DRAWN...IT'S MY PAST, MY LIFE YOU KNOW, THAT'S WHAT IT IS, IT'S A TRUE PICTURE AND A REAL PICTURE, THEY WERE ALIVE SOMETIME, OH... ONCE UPON A TIME. THAT'S WHY I LOVE TO DRAW. I LOVE TO DRAW MY OWN TANGLES. THIS BE BEEN REAL NICE FOR ME TO WORK ON, YOU KNOW. IT'S HAPD. BUT IT'S NICE. IT'S DROUD!!!!

Current photo

5th row-#4 Tiva Trujillo



SAGUACHE COUNTY COURT HOUSE BURNED DOWN ON WEDNESDAY, MARCH 2, 1910 (Saguache Crescent, 1910)

The original Court House was constructed in 1882, Otto Mears owned property on Main Street and wanted the Court House built on his property. Nathan Russell wanted it built on the west side of town where he owned nearly all lots west of 8th Street, (now Highway 285), known as the Russell Addition. In 1880 Russell and Mears had a power struggle as to the location of the new Saguache County Court House. Russell won out and the building was built on the 1000 block of Christy Avenue. It was constructed of red brick at a cost of \$12,926. In 1910 a fire destroyed the building as well as the Court House records.

As luck would have it, the new Court House was built on the Otto Mears Addition at 4th Street and Christy Avenue, its present location and serves the County of Saguache to this day, (2o12).

Joe and Jenny Lujan presently live on the old County Court House site.

A TRIBUTE TO TIVA TRUJILLO by Brenda Lee Garcia, 'Nature Spectator'
This was taken from the Mountain Valley School Paper, The Smoke Signals
October, 14, 1980.

Another artist to be remembered has left some of the greatest pieces of her colorful past. Tiva Trujillo, of Saguache, Colorado, was an incredible lady to many people in her town. Many people remember her as a very joyful person in everything she did, combined with a great sense of humor.

The program she worked under was "The Costura de Saguache" under Virginia Neal Blue whose purpose was to develop programs for women of the San Luis Valley. The embroidery group in Saguache, of which Tiva has been a part of since 1975, have produced many tapestries depicting much of their own lives, past and present. Tiva's sense of humor is evident in the pictures she embroidered. These include an embroidery of the San Luis Valley, Old San Acacio, (as she remembered from childhood), New San Acacio, Her older brother's wedding, La Llorona, a three part series of the famed tale. And many more. Some of these are on display at the Denver Heritage Center.

Like Grandmother Moses, she captured people and places she remembered. Tiva loved people and was very sensitive to their feelings.

She came from a large family. Her mother died when she was quite young and she helped raise her younger brothers and sisters. Growing up alone wasn't easy but learning is the funnest way possible. It was said to be an experience she could never forget. Through her childhood she grew courageous and strong.

Some of her hobbies were cooking, sewing and gardening. She was an active member in the Community activities.

At the age of 63, Sept. 19, 1980, Tiva passed away. Her courage and strength gave her friends something to hang on to. They carry in their hearts the spirit of joy she left behind. One of her friends comments, "Tiva, if your friends miss you so, what a great loss for your husband and daughters. They all love you. We'll all remember you."

TIVA QUOTE: "In the cellars (potato) I have about 9 years. But in the potato fields and harvest I have worked all my life. If you draw a picture of your past it's my life you know."

SAGUACHE CRESCENT ARTICLE; 2-21-1980. Tiva Trujillo and Eppie Archuleta featured on a slide and tape program. LOS TESTAMENTOS, HISPANIC WOMEN FOLK ARTISTS. (History of people, past and present), from photographs taken by Kathryn Nelson.

QUOTE FROM "ARTISTS OF THE SAN LUIS VALLEY."

TIVA—It's nice to think of yourself as a child you know. That's something to think about now that you are growing old. When you go to your childhood or your past, you think about everything. That's why I like to draw".



Top Row - L-R
Bina Lovato - Dorothy Ainsworth - Carmen Ortego de Salas (Tolcha Teacher)
Brenda Rowe - Delores Worley . Liz Reilley
Bottom Row - L-R
Muggs Batchelder - Paula Dugsin



Top Row-L-R. Cathy Baxter-Nettie Quintana - Janice Rice - Marcella Quintana Nyla Orvis

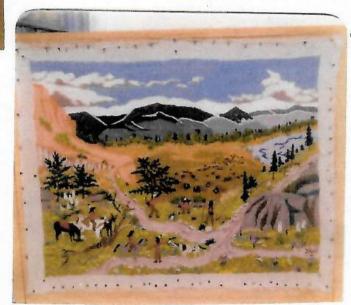
Bottom Row-L-R Brenda Rowe - Annie Gallegos - Bina Lovato Mary Pacheco - Francis Russell ?





This is a Roleich embroiding using mostly Coloba Ditch. This is The way & looked in The 705,





This one is

the same piz,

6s the one on

Top: This one

6nd the elkare

Polidembrada







DELORES EVELYN WORLEY

Researched and collected material about the Saguache Colcha Wall hanging in the Saguache County Library for the Library Scrap Book.

Delores Evelyn Worley was born Born March 19, 1929 in Verdigre, Nebraska. Her parents were Evelyn Emma Chocholousek and Silvyn Hrbek. She had 3 younger sisters, Yvonne Halburian, Diane Carter and Annette Murrin, and one brother, Gary, deceased.

After several moves during the 1930 depression years, the family moved to Espanola, New Mexico in 1942. They started a whole new life. The Spanish culture, language, music and customs they found to be very exciting. Eventually they acquired a wonderful step dad, Philip Dorn, and a new baby brother, Phil, which brought the siblings to 6.

Delores met Wilfred Sanchez in Belen, N.M. They were married and had 5 children, 4 of them still alive. After a divorce, Delores married Julian Worley in Albuquerque, N.M. 3 children were born to that union. At the same time she inherited 3 Worley children making a total of 10, his, hers and theirs. Their names are Prescilla, Patricia (PJ), Johnny, Will, Penny, David, Terry, Jimmie, Luana, and Evelyn. Delores is the grandmother of 17 and great grandmother of 27 at last count. The family moved to Saguache, Colorado in 1975.

Delores became fluent in Spanish early on. She and Julian played guitars and sang together. She also plays the organ and accordion.

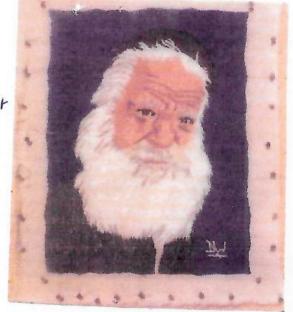
She has had many interesting jobs. In Albuquerque the first job required expertise at making the curl on top of the ice cream cone at the Dairy Queen. She was seamstress at Pioneer Wear and clerk at TG&Y. She also served as the youngest lay midwife in Bernalillo County for 14 years. In Saguache she worked as teacher aide for Kinder and 2nd grade at Mountain Valley Schools. She taught Adult Ed. 14 years and worked in the migrant program. She worked for Nancy Ward at the Mountain Maid Jelly factory, Taught Head Start and Sign Language Classes. She did home health care for the elderly, translated in the Saguache County Court 6 ½ years for the Mexican Nationals. As a side job she baked and decorated cakes for all occasions and she enjoyed them all.

Her hobbies are beadwork, weekly scrabble games, yardwork, and chorus. Delores joined the first Colcha Embroidery Group in 1975. She embroidered many pictures. She loved the friendship of the group and especially loved to listen to the older ladies tell stories about their lives. She embroidered after the program ended and her last picture is dated March 1990.

She decided to make a scrap book featuring the artists that embroidered the blocks in the Colcha wall hanging and their work. "I dedicate this scrap book to all who participated in the making of this masterpiece. The ladies were all friends of mine and I want them to be known and remembered as the special people that they were."

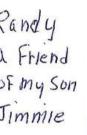
44. Portraits-Done in Colcha Stitch-by Delores Worley

Grandfather





Sarah.







Navaho







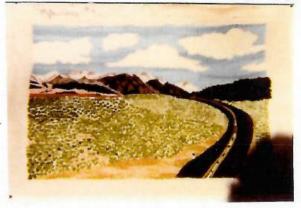
Mei Lei my granddaughte



Kachina - Eve Davis Night Scene - Mary Pacheco My House - Mary Swindle Piñon Picking - Patsy Garcia



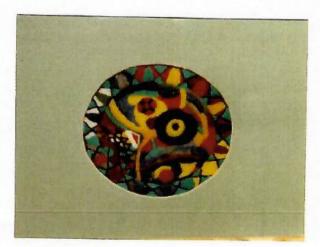
HarTleys. Brenda Rowe
Cattails - Margie Gurule'
Ducks - Eve Davis



Poncha Pass - Nyla Orvis



Fall Trees-Mary Pacheco TObleté House-Nettle Quintan Flowers-Marcolla Quintana Cabib-Francis Russell



Kaleidoscope - by Mary Ann Gallegos

45-B.



My Home - by Lupe Ta Foya



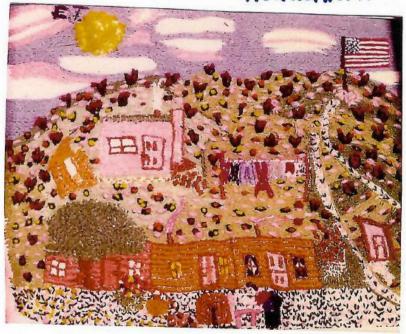
Sand Dunes et Dusk by Catby Baxter



Mariposa - Margio Gurulé



Evening Star-by Brenda Rowe Heckathern



My Home by Flag Hill
By Evelyntrajillo

HI- wind mill

#2-Butter Flies & Flowers

45-C.





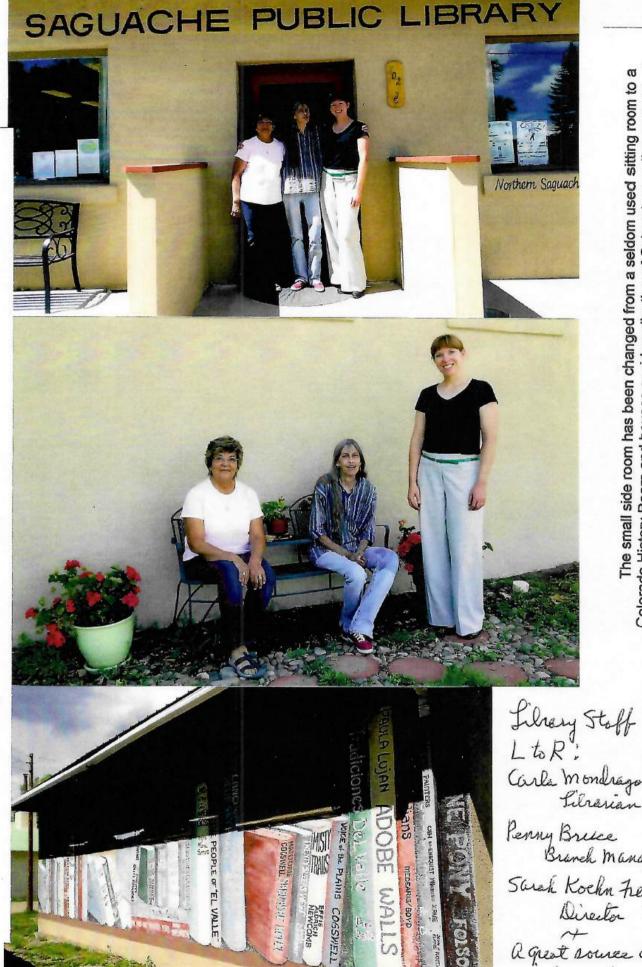


Prestigious Poultry'
by Yvonne Halbutian



Sunshine Festival in Alamosa, (O. Update July 2013--- The Saguache Library has undergone extensive interior remodeling and has been converted from a crowded maze to a beautiful spacious work and reading area. Many volunteers put in hours of planning and hard work to make it happen.

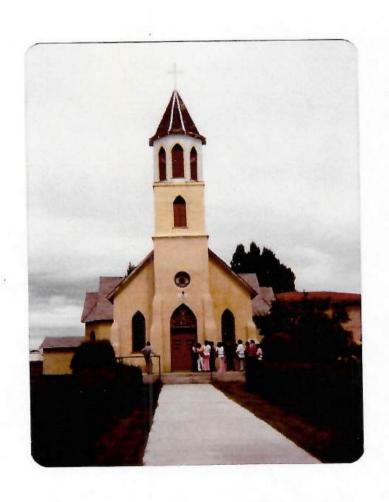
The Library is celebrating its 50th Anniversary this year.



Colorado History Room and houses a wide collection of Colorado reading material. It also displays the Colcha Wall Hanging which this book is all about.

Library Stoff
Lito R:
Carla Mondragon
Filrarian
Penny Bruce
Branch Manager
Sarah Kochn They
Director
A great source of
information and

San Luis Church Built in 1886



Saguache Colcha Group Visit To San Luis, Co. - Aug. 17, 1979



the Capulin Weavers Visit Saguche Cokha Group Sept. 19, 1979



at the Suguache Head Start Building



at The Sugue che County Museum